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TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

DEBS SERENE.

The A. R. U. President Is Feeling Good.

At Any Rate He Keeps Up Appearances.

WILL STAY IN JAIL.

The A. R. U. Leaders Say They Can Rest.

A Pretty Strong Statement Made by Howard.

CHICAGO, July 18.—President Debs passed a fairly comfortable night at the county jail, and early today ordered a good breakfast brought in from a neighboring hotel. Debs refused to be seen by interviewers and he and his associates kept close in the seclusion of their cells.

Debs seems to enjoy jail life. So do George W. Howard, vice president; Sylvester Kuleher, secretary, and L. W. Rogers, a director of the A. R. U. All of them were smiling and in the best of spirits today after their first night's experience in the Cook county jail.

A large party of the personal friends of the imprisoned strike leaders called early at the county jail. The daily corridor scrubbing was in progress and no one was admitted for some time.

President Debs went down to the waiting visitors that himself and friends had enjoyed a good night's rest and had nothing to say that would interest the public. Before 11 a. m. Debs came down from his cell to meet Stenographer Benedict of the A. R. U. who arrived with a bundle of mail for him.

The president was in good humor. "I had the best night's sleep I have had in a month or more," said he. "Nothing disturbed me, not even the ghost of that man who was hanging the other day, and whose spirit I said to be roaming about in here. I have absolutely nothing to add to what I have already said concerning our arrest. We are here and will stay here until next Monday at least."

President Debs then fell to looking over his big batch of mail. Stenographer Benedict came down from his cell in the debtor's department and while awaiting his turn in the barber's chair, said: "We are enjoying this respite from work."

A Sensational Statement.

Vice President Howard of the A. R. U. made the following remarkable statement:

"This thing is going to be a test case. We don't consider ourselves bigger than the law, and incidentally we think, the law is not. We are getting some evidence for the coming legal battle, and we consider it a pretty fair grade. Here is a letter I received this morning, and evidence that most of the freight car burning here in Chicago was done by two men in the employ of the General Managers' association. One of the secret agents of a certain committee saw two men, one on the night of the big fire, going through the yards with a hand car loaded with inflammable waste, which they lighted and threw among the cars."

"This agent overheard a conversation between the men from which he gleaned that they were paid \$200 down and were to receive \$300 more when the job was done. This, you know, was before the strike was called on. An effort is now being made to arrest these two men. We further have pretty positive evidence that the big man who led the mob of 5,000 at Blue Island was a Pinkerton man, employed by the railroads, and although he was identified he has not been arrested. It is safe to say that this case will not be entirely overlooked."

At which point, the A. R. U. headquarters, a large crowd was gathered there than for several days past. The arrest of the leaders was discussed by the excited groups that stood about the committee rooms and hallways, and the action of the authorities was severely criticized. Several of the local organizers delivered short addresses and the usual claims that the strike is still on were made.

Plenty of Bail Offered.

A conference between the attorneys for the imprisoned officers of the A. R. U. was held this afternoon at which it was decided to urge Debs and his associates to accept bail. More than sufficient bail has been offered.

The lawyers present at the conference were Attorneys Argo, of Iowa, W. W. Evers and W. A. Shoemaker, of St. Paul and S. S. Gregory and Clarence S. Darrow, of Chicago.

DR. THOMAS INTERCEDES.

The Noted Chicago Preacher Has a Conference With Wickes.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Rev. Dr. H. W. Thomas, chaplain of the First infantry, I. N. G., came up from Pullman today and called on Vice President Wickes of the Pullman company. Dr. Thomas has been striving to bring about peace between the company and its employees by getting the men to go back to work again. It has been suggested that if Mr. Wickes would consent to meet a grievance committee from the strikers that perhaps all difficulties could be speedily patched up. While Dr. Thomas is in sympathy with such a movement, he did not meet Mr. Wickes to officially announce it.

"I came without authority," said he, after he left Mr. Wickes' office, "just to call on the vice president as one neighbor would call on another. Mr. Wickes received me cordially, and we talked over the situation at Pullman before I left. There were no results from my call."

During his stay at Pullman, Dr. Thomas said he was impressed with the apparent good humor which prevails among the strikers and the company's superintendents. He thinks that this is an indication that a settlement will be reached soon and it gives it as his opinion

that the men will be at work before many days.

Mr. Wickes refused to be seen after the conference with Dr. Thomas. He sent out word by his private secretary that he was too busy to be interviewed. The first break in the ranks of the Pullman strikers occurred today, 150 Holders having been put back to work on the tracks back of the Pullman foundry. The men quit work when the strike was declared and stayed out till now. No effort was made by the other strikers to prevent the men from going to work.

GENERAL MCCOOK'S VIEWS.

He Also Wants the Troops Moved Near the Cities.

DENVER, Colo., July 18.—General McCook is heartily in favor of General Schofield's policy of concentrating the federal troops at points in the vicinity of the large cities. He believes that a larger garrison should be kept at Fort Logan this city.

"Disorderly mobs in big cities," said the general today, "have shown themselves to be more savage than the Apache Indians, and they will from now on be more summarily dealt with. In this department however, perhaps more than any other, the necessity of a few scattered garrisons still remains. Arizona and New Mexico are still full of Indians."

MILES A BIG MAN.

In Chicago, But Not in Washington, Says Mayor Hopkins.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Mayor Hopkins denies a report that he has been taking steps to secure the removal of the federal troops from the city. He stated he would not order the return of any of the militia today.

Asked if he had consulted with General Miles as to the withdrawal of the troops, the mayor said: "No. General Miles has nothing to do about it. The department at Washington attends to that. A general may be a big man in a city like Chicago but, like a congressman, he is not much at Washington."

DEBS FOR GOVERNOR.

Indiana's State Federation of Labor Asking Him to Run.

PERU, Ind., July 18.—The tenth annual convention of the Indiana Federation of Trade and Labor unions is in session here.

Many resolutions were presented, principal of which was one endorsing Debs and asking him to be a candidate for governor of Indiana. Other resolutions were for government control of telegraph; for a \$10,000 state appropriation for lecturers; for a general wage scale, and one favoring arbitration. A number of ladies are delegates and occupy prominent places.

Four Arbitration Bills.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Another meeting of the labor sub-committee having in charge the arbitration bills which have been introduced in the house will be held today. Four bills are before the committee, fathered by Representatives Springer of Illinois, Hudson of Kansas, Kiefer of Minnesota, and Tawney of Minnesota. The last three contain compulsory features.

Strikers Didn't Do It.

CHICAGO, July 18.—A Milwaukee & St. Paul suburban train today was wrecked at Kinzie street. The last car jumped the track and was badly smashed up. No one was hurt. Considerable excitement was caused over the report that the accident was due to the work of the strikers. The officers of the road, however, denied that strikers had anything to do with it.

Butchers Get a Raise.

CHICAGO, July 18.—The butchers continue returning to work at the stock yards. Among them is Vice President Hazard of the Butcher's union. The sheep butchers at the yards have received a raise of 25 cents a day in their wages and four and a half days work a week has been guaranteed them.

To Open the Union Pacific.

OMAHA, Neb., July 18.—Four companies of the second United States infantry left Omaha at 1 o'clock this afternoon bound for Bartlesville, Idaho, from which point they will be sent to Bate, Mont., for the purpose of opening the Union Pacific road, which is still blocked there by strikers. The battalion was under the command of Captain Keller.

SWEARING THEM IN.

People's Party Making Gains Among the Workingmen at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 18.—One result of the strike and the attendant agitation noticeable here, is the political effect it is having among the workingmen.

Richard Powers stood before 2,500 persons at Chicago's hall last night and banded the assembly by a solemn oath to renounce the two old political parties and espouse the cause of the People's party. The scene was dramatic in the extreme. The speaker had just finished an arraignment of the two political machines, which he named for the present depressed condition of the country. Then he told the assemblage to repeat the oath after him.

"With my hand uplifted"—the multitude roared the sentence—"and before the everlasting God!" The audience repeated after the speaker, and the noise and acrobatic end before he continued: "I renounce all parties." The rest was drowned in the shouting. Every hand in the hall was held high and the rest of the oath was lost in the noise. It was an endorsement of the People's party.

Richard Powers is the leader of the Seaman's union. The scene was repeated at Chicago's hall last night and many other speakers. Every time Debs' name was mentioned there was loud and long continued cheers.

Baptist Young People's Union.

TORONTO, Ont., July 18.—The streets leading from the Union depot were filled today by an almost continuous procession of strangers, whose white badges denoted that they were delegates to the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America. The convention will be called to order in Massey Music hall at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Starved Out.

McKEESPORT, Pa., July 18.—After nine weeks of idleness, the strikers at the National Tube works, McKeesport, met today and declared the strike off.

ONE MORE BLUNDER.

Charged Up Against Secretary of State Gresham.

Meddling in the State Affairs of Japan.

HE SENDS A DISPATCH.

Censuring the Japanese Government for Its Action.

For Levying War On Weak and Defenceless Corea.

NEW YORK, July 18.—A Washington dispatch to a morning paper of pronounced anti-administration proclivities, this morning says:

The fact has just come to light that the administration, through Secretary Gresham, has committed another diplomatic blunder which is considered even more serious than the attempt to restore Queen Liliuokalani and which may have more important results. Members of the diplomatic corps, among whom the facts have created something of a sensation tell this story of it:

The Chinese minister, who has been in frequent consultation of late with the secretary of state regarding the strained relations existing between Japan and Corea, has finally induced the secretary to send an official cable dispatch to the Japanese government expressing the dissatisfaction of the United States with the policy which Japan has been following toward Corea, and closing with these important words:

"The United States views with regret the levying of an unjust war by Japan upon a weak and defenceless nation like Corea."

This is considered a greater diplomatic blunder than the secretary's action in the Hawaiian controversy, but there has not been time to realize the full extent of the message. There is no doubt about the existence of the dispatch. Secretary Gresham has shown a copy of it to Sir Julian Pauncefote.

The Chinese and Korean legations have copies of it, and the fact of its existence is known to several members of the house and senate committees on foreign relations.

INTEREST AT WASHINGTON.

Almost Certain that the Senate Will Call for the Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Much interest was aroused in official circles here today by the publication of a long statement purporting to contain an extract from a dispatch sent by Secretary Gresham to the Japanese government saying that the United States views with regret the levying of an unjust war by Japan upon a weak and defenceless nation like Corea.

It happened that Secretary Gresham was indisposed today and kept to his room in the Arlington. But he was induced to send word that he would not at this time say anything either in denial or affirmative of the publication, as the correspondence is still in progress, and to make a partial voluntary publication would violate diplomatic practice.

It is almost certain that the senate will adopt a resolution calling for the correspondence.

The Korean Situation.

The history of the incident begins with the Korean rebellion, when, upon the application of the king the United States sent a war ship to Chemulpo. Almost simultaneously the Japanese and Chinese governments sent military forces to aid the king in his efforts to stamp out rebellion. They were unsuccessful, and when quiet was restored, the Koreans proffered their thanks and suggested a withdrawal of the foreign forces.

The Chinese were willing to withdraw if the Japanese would do the same, but the latter country refused.

The United States and European countries were drawn into the matter. We have large interests in China and Japan, and prospects of greatly enlarging our trade relations, and when United States Minister Dunn, at Tokio, represented the addition of several responsibilities, it was felt to be not only to our own interest, but for the good of all concerned to reinforce the efforts of the great European powers to prevent a conflict that would surely be disastrous to both sides.

COL. MOORE NOMINATED.

The Democrats of the Second District Name Him by Acclamation.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., July 18.—The Democrats of the Second congressional district met in this city in convention today. The convention was obviously for Col. H. L. Moore of Lawrence, but Wyandotte and Johnson county factions were opposed to him on account of the local postoffice fight.

They wanted Colonel Samuel Riggs, of Lawrence, to run, but he refused to accept Colonel Moore, who was finally nominated by acclamation. The platform endorses the administration so far as it has enacted the principles of the national platform. Frank L. Webster, of Lawrence, was elected chairman of the congressional committee.

REPORT A DISAGREEMENT.

The Conference Committee Decides to Disagree on the Entire Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—At 2:25 p. m. the tariff conference decided after a fifteen minute session of the full conference this afternoon to report a disagreement and that the disagreement should be on the entire bill.

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HARRIS AND PACIFIC BONDS.

The Kansas Congressman Thinks They Should Be Held to Contracts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18.—The advisability of making a minority report against the bill for adjusting the debts of the Pacific railroads is being considered by two or three members of the bill who have opposed the Reilly bill. When a test vote was had Saturday on a resolution offered by Mr. Harris, of Kansas, against any extension of time to the corporations, nine votes were cast against it and five for it, the latter being by Messrs. Harris, Weadock of Michigan, Bostner of Louisiana, Cooper of Wisconsin, and Snodgrass of Tennessee. Mr. Harris expresses the fear that in reducing the government's second mortgage to a first mortgage, the holders of the third and fourth mortgages on parts of the Pacific systems may interpose with the contention that the government has lost its position in the transaction and become secondary to their claims upon the property and may succeed in an appeal to the courts. Other members do not consider the objection well taken. If it is made a minority report no steps will be taken until after the vote on the bill.

WANTED THE OLD LAMPS.

Miners Strike Because They Must Carry Safety Lamps.

WILKESBARR, Pa., July 18.—About seventy miners employed in the No. 4 slope of the Kingston coal company at Edwardsville, went on strike today in consequence of an order by the general superintendent of the company forbidding the continued use of the ordinary mine lamps in the slope, safety lamps to be substituted.

After a consultation together the miners offered to obey the order if the docking practice was dispensed with, contending that with the small light of the safety lamp they could not send out clean coal without wasting much time. Their offer was refused.

RAPPED ON THE COFFIN.

Washington Irving's Nephew Came Near Being Buried Alive.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., July 18.—Washington E. Irving, a nephew of the famous author was supposed to have died at Escondido, and his funeral was held.

At the close of the service after the friends had passed the casket, a knocking was heard from within, and the lid having been hastily removed, Irving sat up in a dazed condition, but soon regained his senses fully and was taken home.

TOOTED THEIR WHISTLES.

Great Ovation Given to the \$4,000,000 Minneapolis.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18.—The cruiser Minneapolis has reached her dock at Cramp's ship yard. When she weighed anchor this morning, and started for her dock, she received the greatest ovation ever given a boat on the Delaware. Craft and a desecrator saluted the big cruiser, and the screeching of her siren and big whistle in response to the salutes continued with scarcely an intermission of ten seconds until she was made fast to her dock.

AFTER THE BARBER CO.

Superintendent at Buffalo Indicted for Importing Alien Labor.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 18.—The grand jury has reported an indictment against Henry J. Warden, superintendent of the Barber Asphalt company for employing alien labor in this city, which is prohibited by law.

IT SHOOK THE DISHES.

An Earthquake Felt at Memphis and St. Louis This Morning.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 18.—Three distinct earthquake shocks were felt here at 6:30 this morning. The vibration was from north to south.

St. Louis, July 18.—A slight shock of a supposed earthquake was felt in this city about 7:10 a. m. today. The shock was not so noticeable in the city proper, but in the suburbs, houses were so shaken that pictures rattled on the walls, chairs rocked and dishes on tables moved. In no case so far reported was the shock sufficient to do even indirect damage.

PEPPER GOING TO OHIO.

To Deliver a Speech at an Old Soldiers' Reunion.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18.—Senator Pepper has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the twentieth old soldiers' reunion, to be held at Caldwell, Ohio, on the 17th, 18th and 19th of August.

The Kansas senator entered the war as a private and was promoted to a second lieutenant, occupying several responsible positions in the engineer and quartermaster's departments.

TWO MORE STATES.

Arizona and New Mexico To Be Admitted to the Union, Too.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The senate committee on territories today decided to recommend the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as states, and instructed the sub-committee who have the bills in charge to make favorable reports at the meeting of the full committee next Wednesday.

"OLD SOLDIERS' FRIEND."

Senator Voorhees Is Fostering in That Role Just Now.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Senator Voorhees has written a letter to Liberty Post G. A. R. of this city, thanking the post for its support of a bill introduced in the United States senate by him recently to provide for the payment of pensions to all veterans of the late war at a minimum rate of \$12 per month.

Senator Voorhees says: "I hope to be able to secure the passage of the bill in question and feel that still more ought to be done for those who in their youth saved the government from destruction and who now in their old age are entitled to the care and affection of every patriotic heart throughout the union."

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

A NEW ORGAN.

Republican State Central Committee Slights the "Capital."

Selecting the Little "Breeze" as State Organ.

TEN THOUSAND COPIES

To Be Taken by the Committee Weekly.

Maj. Hudson Objects to This Way of Doing Things.

The Republican state central committee has apparently gone back on the Topeka Capital.

The sub-committee of five of the executive committee of the state central committee this morning made an agreement with the editors of the "Topeka Breeze," McNeal & Higgins, (I. A. McNeal and George Higgins, a brother of ex-Secretary William Higgins,) by which 10,000 extra copies of the Breeze are to be circulated every week during the campaign, and the Breeze is to be the organ of the state central committee.

The editors of the Breeze agreed to keep their paper up to a high editorial standard and in addition publish such campaign matter as might be selected by the central committee.

The sub-committee thought that the Capital would lack influence in winning Populists back into the Republican fold. The Breeze pushed its claims and led the committee to enter into an arrangement with McNeal & Higgins for 10,000 copies a week of the Breeze until after election.

The publishers of the Breeze have ordered a car load of paper in anticipation of a great sample copy campaign.

The Breeze is printed by George W. Crane.

It is but natural that Major Hudson is so hostile to the treatment he has received at the hands of the state central committee, and is not accepting the situation very gracefully.

The woes of a political organ are many and in this hour of affliction the JOURNAL can only extend its esteemed contemporary its sincerest sympathy.

HERE'S CALAMITY TALK.

Gov. Hogg Says Chicago Will Be Spattered With Hearts, Lungs, Etc.

AUSTIN, Tex., July 18.—Governor Hogg was presented with a gold watch today by officers of the state militia, and in response took a gloomy view of the future.

He predicted that within six weeks martial law will be declared in California, Kansas, Colorado, Illinois and that the anarchists of Chicago would use dynamite and spatter the lofty buildings of the city with the hearts, lungs and livers of citizens.

He alluded to President Cleveland having ordered troops there and Judge Coolidge's letter commending the acts and said he felt humiliated over it as it was a dangerous invasion of state rights and had not been done before since 1860.

The governor predicted a great revolution soon, and possibly dismemberment of the great republic, unless a foreign war diverts the attention of the national administration.

Charles Martin of Saline.

Charles S. Martin, one of the active workers on the Republican state central committee, is the best known of the three candidates making the race for the republican nomination for representative in Saline county. He has both a state and national reputation and is particularly well equipped to serve in the legislature. He is the best man who has ever been clerk of the Kansas house and his merits obtained for him the distinction of an election to be chief clerk of the lower house of congress, and it is said there was never a better man in that important place. His wide popularity at home would seem to make his nomination mean a Republican victory in a Populist representative district.

Albert Griffin—Republican.

Fred J. Close today received an advance copy of the "Prospectus of the Gulf & Interstate Railway company, giving its original proposed route and revolutionary aims. Prepared for those who do their own thinking." Col. Close says as evidence that it is not Populist literature, it was written by a Republican. Albert Griffin is the Republican.

LOCAL MENTION.

The Commercial Union Assurance company, of London, has through its Denver office notified State Superintendent of Insurance S. H. Snider, that they will at once pay their share of the loss in the celebrated Norwood case which has been fought through all the state courts.

Governor Lowelling has offered rewards of \$300 each for the arrest and conviction of the murderers of William Wilson whose dead body was found near St. Marys, July 5th, and for the man who entered the home of Bertha and Belle Donovan at Dighton, Lane county, June 25th and committed an outrage.

R. E. Rowley brought suit today in the district court to determine his interests in the firm of Rowley Brothers, druggists. He claims a one-third interest with his two brothers, H. K. and J. H., who have been generally known as the partners in the firm.

Biggest in the World.

St. Louis, July 18.—The new Union station, which has the largest train shed in the world, will be formally opened on September 1st, with ceremonies commensurate with the prominence of the institution and the amount of capital involved.

All members of the Union Degree Team are requested to be present at their hall on Quincy street Thursday at 1 o'clock sharp to attend the funeral of Brother Fisher. F. A. Snow, president.

STACEY GOES OVER.

The Well-Known Kansas Newspaper Man Has Joined the New Party.

Col. A. G. Stacey, the well-known Republican newspaper man, has gone over to the Populists, and today announced that he is to become the editor of a Populist newspaper.

Col. Stacey has made a contract to become the editor of the Parsons Independent Populist paper, owned by P. T. Foley.

D. H. Martin who has until recently been editor of the Independent has been appointed to a clerkship in the penitentiary and Mr. Foley secured Col. Stacey to edit his paper through the influence of Chairman Freidenthal.

Colonel Stacey has been wavering between two political opinions for some time and his intimate friends are not surprised at his change. The paper he is to edit is a weekly, but a daily edition is to be started in about three weeks.

BRIDGE BURNED AT ENID.

No Let Up in the Destruction of Rock Island Property.

NORTH ENID, Ok., July 18.—The war of the torch and the bomb along the line of the Rock Island railroad in the Cherokee strip continues. The burning of a ninety foot bridge north of Wankamoka station shortly after midnight last night being the latest outrage. The bridge was burned just after the passage of a passenger train going south and was completely destroyed. The passenger trains were transferred at the burning bridge this morning.

The railroad company has abandoned freight trains. Another company of United States troops from Fort Leavenworth will arrive here this evening. Mayor Franke of Pond Creek has received this message from Acting Governor Lowe in reply to his request for territorial and federal aid to enforce the city ordinance regarding stoppage of trains next Saturday:

"I have requested the Rock Island railroad company and its attorneys and president to obey your ordinances through our request. I think an application for a mandamus to compel the company to stop in accordance with your ordinance would be granted."

Militia Ordered to Enid.

GUTHRIE, Ok., July 18.—Acting Governor Lowe has ordered the militia at once to Enid and Round Ford. There is but one company of twenty-three boys, none over 25, who never shot a gun and were just organized last week. There is consternation in their ranks at the idea of active service. The tension at Enid grows worse, and the people seem to have no respect for the regulars, who have no orders to shoot.

ANARCHIST NOWBRAY.

One of the Most Notorious of English Anarchists Located Here.

NEW YORK, July 18.—Charles Milford Nowbray, who was arrested in London upwards of a dozen times for making breaches of the peace by making anarchistic speeches, has been here since Saturday, without the knowledge of the police and the board of immigration, who were long ago warned to look out for his arrival.

He arrived on the steamer Paris from Southampton, undetected, he asserts and did not in manner attempt to conceal his identity. On landing Nowbray went direct to Newark, N. J., where he has English friends; he went before the clerk of the court the next day and took out his first citizenship papers.

Last Monday he rented apartments on the top floor at 181 East Eighty-sixth street, this city, and there he intends for the present to take up his abode.

Nowbray, in an interview today, boldly proclaimed his intention to establish an anarchistic propaganda in New York.

WEDDING AT FORT RILEY.

Marriage of Lieutenant Fitzgerald in Miss Marion Forsyth.

FORT RILEY, Kan., July 18.—The marriage of Miss Marion Forsyth, daughter of General J. W. Forsyth, colonel Seventh cavalry, to Lieutenant William Gerald Fitzgerald, took place in the post chapel yesterday afternoon.

The officiating clergyman was Rev. Father Hurley, of the Catholic church. The maid of honor was Miss Farrott of Columbus, Ohio, the best man Lieutenant Frank W. Cox, First United States artillery. Lieutenant and Mrs. Fitzgerald left on the afternoon train for California.

CONN LEAVES HIS PARTY.

An Indiana Congressman Going Over to the Populists.

ELKHART, Ind., July 18.—The Hon. C. G. Conn, member of congress for the Thirteenth district, has announced that he would not be a candidate for re-election, although he was a few weeks ago renominated by the Democratic convention.

Mr. Conn declares that he is not in sympathy with the leaders of his party on questions affecting the labor interests, and it is supposed that it is his intention to join the Populists. Two years ago